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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/755,891	01/06/2001	Arif A. Merchant	10004029-1	. 4110	
75	590 06/19/2003				
HEWLETT-PACKARD COMPANY Intellectual Property Administration P. O. Box 272400			EXAMINER		
			ZHEN, WEI Y		
Fort Collins, CC	O 80527-2400		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2122		
			DATE MAILED: 06/19/2003 -		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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<u> </u>		Application No.	Ap	pplicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		09/755,891	09/755,891 MERCHANT ET		•
		Examiner	Ar	t Unit	
		Wei Y Zhen	21	22	
Period for	The MAILING DATE of this communication Reply	appears on the cover	sheet with the corre	espondence address	
THE N - Exten after S - If the - If NO - Failure - Any re	PRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE IAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF iIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Deriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per et or reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stap the ply received by the Office later than three months after the main patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	N. R. 1.136(a). In no event, howevereply within the statutory mining to will apply and will expire Setute, cause the application to	er, may a reply be timely fi num of thirty (30) days will IX (6) MONTHS from the n become ABANDONED (38	led be considered timely, nailing date of this communicati 5 U.S.C. § 133).	ion.
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>c</u>	06 January 2001 .			
2a) <u></u>	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠	This action is non-fin	al.		
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allo closed in accordance with the practice und				s is
· _	on of Claims				
	Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are pending in the applica				
	a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without	drawn from considera	tion.		
i	Claim(s) is/are allowed.				
' <u>—</u>	Claim(s) <u>1-27</u> is/are rejected.				
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.				
	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	d/or election requiren	nent.		
Application	·				
·	he specification is objected to by the Exam				
10)1	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ ad		•		
441 7	Applicant may not request that any objection to	=	•	, , ,	
11/111	he proposed drawing correction filed on			by the Examiner.	
12\□ T	If approved, corrected drawings are required in he oath or declaration is objected to by the	· •	on.		
	•	Examiner.			
	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			`	
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore	eign priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d	) or (†).	
	All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:				
	1. Certified copies of the priority docume				
	2. Certified copies of the priority docume			<del></del>	
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the p application from the International see the attached detailed Office action for a	Bureau (PCT Rule 17	7.2(a)).	this National Stage	
14) <u></u> A∈	cknowledgment is made of a claim for dome	estic priority under 35	U.S.C. § 119(e) (to	o a provisional applica	ition).
_a)	☐ The translation of the foreign language cknowledgment is made of a claim for dom	provisional applicatio	n has been receive	ed.	
Attachment	s)				
2) Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	5) 🔲 🛭		O-413) Paper No(s) nt Application (PTO-152)	.•
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## **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-27 are pending.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-4, 13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Dolby et al, U.S. Patent No. 5,630,025.

As per claim 1, Dolby et al discloses configuring a data storage system, using a high-level language description to configure the data storage system (col. 2 lines 30-34).

As per claim 2, Dolby et al discloses the high level language specifies configuration goals (col. 4 lines 24-29).

As per claim 3, Dolby et al discloses the high level language description includes a declarative language (col. 4 lines 51-55).

As per claim 4, Dolby et al discloses the high-level language includes generic configuration commands (col. 4 lines 30-51).

Claim 13 is rejected for the reasons et forth in the rejection of claims 1 and 2.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness

rejections set forth in this Office action:

section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person

such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in

manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5-10, 12, 14-24, 26, 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Dolby et al, U.S. Patent No. 5,630,025 in view of Motoyama et al, U.S. Patent No.

6,578,090.

As per claim 5, Dolby et al does not disclose explicitly the high-level language description

includes device/host-independent commands.

However, Motoyama et al discloses the high-level language description includes

device/host-independent commands (col. 2 lines 31-35).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time

the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Motoyama et al into the teaching of Dolby

et al to have the high-level language description includes device/host-independent commands. The

modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to

provide efficient method to use the description for various types of systems.

As per claim 6, Dolby et al does not disclose explicitly translating the high-level language

description into device/host specific commends.

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However, Motoyama et al discloses translating the high-level language description into device/host specific commends (col. 2 lines 31-35).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Motoyama et al into the teaching of Dolby et al to translate the high-level language description into device/host specific commends. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide efficient method to use the description for various types of systems.

Claim 7 is rejected for the reason set forth in the rejection of claim 6.

As per claim 8, Dolby et al does not disclose explicitly that the high-level language description is translated into device/host independent commands and the device/host independent commands are translated into device/host specific commands.

Official Notice is taken that the high-level language description is translated into device/host independent commands and the device/host independent commands are translated into device/host specific commands were well known in the art at the time the invention was made.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of the well known knowledge into the system of Motoyama et al and Dolby et al to have the high-level language description be translated into device/host independent commands and the device/host independent commands be translated into device/host specific commands The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill

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in the art would be motivated to provide efficient method to use the generic device/host independent command for various types of systems.

Claim 9 is rejected for the reason set forth in the rejection of claim 8.

As per claim 10, Dolby et al does not explicitly disclose performing rule checking as claimed.

Official Notice is taken that performing rule checking was well known in the art at the time the invention was made.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of the well known knowledge into the system of Motoyama et al and Dolby et al to perform the rule checking. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide efficient method to ensure an correct and accurate configuration.

As per claim 12, Dolby et al does not explicitly disclose translating....into device specific queries, and generating commands from responses to the queries.

Official Notice is taken that translating....into device specific queries, and generating commands from responses to the queries was well known in the art at the time the invention was made.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of the well known knowledge into the system

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of Motoyama et al and Dolby et al to translate....into device specific queries, and generate commands from responses to the queries. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to provide efficient method to generate configuration commands that is tailored to meet the requirement of the specific system.

As per claim 14, Dolby et al and Motoyama et al do not explicitly disclose sending...to a host as claimed.

Official Notice is taken that sending...to a host as claimed was well known in the art at the time the invention was made.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of the well known knowledge into the system of Motoyama et al and Dolby et al to send...to a host as claimed. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be facilitates the communications between various types of systems.

Claim 15 is rejected for the reason set forth in the rejection of claim 8.

As per claim 16, Motoyama et al disclose executing the device/host specific commands to configure the data storage device (col. 2 lines 31-35, note that the machine language are inherently executed).

Claims 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26 are rejected for the reason set forth in the rejections of claims 11, 10, 5, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12 respectively.

As per claim 19, Dolby et al and Motoyama et al do not explicitly disclose a disk array.

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Official Notice is taken that a disk array was well known in the art at the time the invention was made.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of the well known knowledge into the system of Motoyama et al and Dolby et al to have a disk array. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to apply the configuration tool to various types of systems, including disk array.

Claim 27 is rejected for the reason set forth in the rejection of claims 1 and 6.

4. Claims 11 and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dolby et al, U.S. Patent No. 5,630,025 in view of Motoyama et al, U.S. Patent No. 6,578,090 further in view of Lebee, U.S. Patent No. 6,108,744.

As per claim 11, Dolby et al and Motoyama et al don't explicitly disclose specific commands are generated only for device/host parameter that should be changed.

However, Lebee disclose specific commands are generated only for device/host parameter that should be changed (col. 3 lines 45-60).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the teaching of Lebee into the system of Motoyama et al and Dolby et al to have specific commands be generated only for device/host parameter that should be changed. The modification would be obvious because one of ordinary skill in the art

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would be motivated to provide efficient method to reduce the times associated with generating host specific commands by reusing generic commands.

Claim 25 is rejected for the reason set forth in the rejection of claim 11.

## Conclusion

5. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Wei Zhen whose telephone number is (703)305-0437.

The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Thursday from 7:30 AM to 6:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor Greg Morse can be reached at (703) 308-4789. The fax numbers for this group are (703)746-7239 (official fax), (703)746-7240 (non-official/draft), (703)746-7238 (after-final).

Any inquiry of general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the group receptionist whose telephone number is (703)305-9600.

Wei Zhen

VV CI ZIICII

Patent Examiner

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6/13/2003